UW-Platteville uses one-bin recycling. Place any recyclable in any recycling bin on campus; they will be sorted at a recycling center and made into new products that save energy, money, and the planet.

RECYCLING GUIDE

Cardboard

**DO.** Any cardboard with limited grease or residue. Large cardboard should be flattened and placed next to the recycling bin, small cardboard may go in bin.

**DON'T.** Cardboard with a lot of grease or food residue, Wax or plastic coated cardboard.

Metal

**DO.** Aerosol cans, Aluminum cans, Aluminum foil, Ends of juice cans (without paper), Paint cans (without paint), Small scrap metal items, Steel / tin cans (rinsed out).

**DON'T.** Brake Rotors (they jam the separator), Wire clothes hangers.

Glass

**DO.** Green, brown, blue, clear bottles and jars.

**DON'T.** Ceramics, Glassware, Light bulbs, Broken glass, Mirrors, Pyrex, Windows.

Plastic

**DO.** Any plastic #1-7, Bubble wrap, Clamshell containers, Coffee cup lids, Detergent bottles, Disposable food containers (rinsed out), Disposable plastic cups, Light colored plastic bags, Milk jugs (leave caps on), Plastic bottles (leave caps on), Shampoo or vitamin bottles.

**DON'T.** Disposable diapers, Foil-lined food packaging like cookie and chip bags, Food and candy wrappers, Packing peanuts, Dark colored plastic bags, Plastic bottles that held harmful chemicals, Plastic utensils, Stickers, Styrofoam, Tupperware, Wax or plastic coated cardboard.

Paper

**DO.** Any paper (can have staples), Egg cartons, Envelopes, Gift wrapping (non-foil), Ice cream cartons, Juice cartons or juice boxes, Junk mail, Magazines, Milk cartons, Newspaper, Notebooks (without spiral binding), Office paper, Phone books.

**DON'T.** Carbon paper, Coffee cups that contained creamer, Boxes with a lot of food residue, Paper plates with food residue, Hardbound books, Paper towels, Tissue paper.

www.uwplatt.edu/recycle